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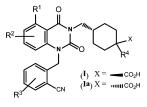
Tankyrase Inhibitors: Potential Treatment of Hyperproliferative Diseases

Ahmed F. Abdel-Magid*

Therachem Research Medilab (India) Pvt. Ltd., Jaipur, India

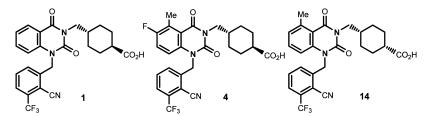
Title:	Quinazolinediones as Tankyrase Inhibitors			
Patent Application Number:	WO2013/177349 A2	Publication date:	28 November 2013	
Priority Application:	US 61/651,687	Priority date:	25 May 2012	
	US 61/773,300		6 March 2013	
Inventors:	Keenan, R. M.; Miller, A. B.; Qin, D.			
Assignee Company:	Glaxo SmithKline LLC; 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, Wilmington, New Castle, DE, 19808, USA			
Disease Area:	Cancers, fibrosis, and other hyperproliferative diseases	Biological Target:	Tankyrases (TNKS1 and TNKS2)	
Summary:	 Cancers, fibrosis, and other hyperproliferative diseases Biological Target: Tankyrases (TNKS1 and TNKS2) The invention in this patent application relates to quinazolinedione carboxylic acid derivatives represented generally by formula I or Ia, which are inhibitors of tankyrases (TNKS1 and TNKS2) and may potentially be useful for the treatment of cancer, fibrosis, and other hyperproliferative diseases. The tankyrases (TNKS1 and TNKS2) are members of the poly ADP-ribose polymerase (PARP) family of enzymes that act via mono- or poly-ADP-ribosylation (parsylation) of substrate proteins. These enzymes play important roles in cellular processes such as DNA repair and Wnt signaling. Tankyrases are also implicated in other processes, such as the positive regulation of telomere length and lung fibrogenesis. The deregulation of the Wnt/beta-catenin pathway has been linked to cancer, and studies have shown a possible link between increased activation of the canonical Wnt signaling and fibrogenesis. Additionally, pathologically activated canonical Wnt has been implicated in the pathogenesis of pulmonary-, renal-, dermal-, and liver-fibrosis. It has also been implicated in scarring after myocardial fibrosis following muscular dystrophy. Thus, the inhibition of tankyrase activity could potentially have broad clinical utility and the use of tankyrase inhibitors such as the 			
	molecules described in this invention may potentially be a cancer and fibrosis.	userui merapy for the trea	unent of hyperpromerative disorders, including	

Important Compound Classes:



Key Structures:

The application describes the synthesis of 14 specific examples of formula I/Ia, including the following three examples



Biological Assay:

 \bullet Inhibition of human TNKS1 [or TNKS 2] Fluorescence Polarization (FP) activity in vitro

• Inhibition of human TNKS 1 or TNKS 2 HTRF activity in vitro

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Biological Data:

The 14 examples of the compounds of formula I/Ia were found to be inhibitors of Tankyrase with $pIC_{50} > 6$ in one or both TNKS assays. The data from the three represented examples 1, 4, and 14 (structures above) are listed in the following table:

Example	TNKS1 FP	TNKS2 FP	TNKS1 HTRF	TNKS2 HTRF
	pIC ₅₀	pIC ₅₀	pIC ₅₀	pIC ₅₀
1	8.1	7.1	7.5	7.7
4	8.2	7.1	7.3	7.7
14			6.5	7

Claims:	Claims 1–9: composition of matter; variations of formulas I and Ia	
	Claim 10: composition of matter; 13 examples of formula I	
	Claim 11: composition of matter; 1 example of formula Ia	
	Claim 12: pharmaceutical composition	
	Claim 13: method of treating cancer	
Recent Review Articles:	ticles: 1. Lehtioe, L.; Chi, NW.; Krauss, S. FEBS J. 2013, 280 (15), 3576-3593.	
	2. Riffell, J. L.; Lord, C. J.; Ashworth, A. Nat. Rev. Drug Discovery 2012, 11 (12), 923-936.	
	3. Jones, P. Annu. Rep. Med. Chem. 2010, 45, 229-243.	

■ AUTHOR INFORMATION

Corresponding Author

*Address: 1383 Jasper Drive, Ambler, Pennsylvania 19002, United States. Tel: 215-913-7202. E-mail: afmagid@comcast.net.

Notes

The authors declare no competing financial interest.